

Delaware State Police Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2010

**Produced by Cheiron** 

May 2011

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May 4, 2011

Board of Pension Trustees State of Delaware McArdle Building 860 Silver Lake Boulevard, Suite 1 Dover, Delaware 19904

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have conducted our annual actuarial valuation of the Delaware State Police Pension Plan as of June 30, 2010. The results of the valuation are contained in this report. The purpose of the valuation is discussed in the Foreword.

This report contains information on Plan assets, as well as analyses which combine asset and liability performance and projections. The report also discloses employer contribution levels, and required disclosures under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #25.

Your attention is called to the Foreword in which we refer to the general approach employed in the preparation of this report. We also comment on the sources and reliability of both the data and the actuarial assumptions on which our findings are based. Those comments are the basis for our certification that this report is complete and accurate to the best of our knowledge and belief. The results of this report are only applicable to the State contribution for Fiscal Year ending 2012 and rely on future plan experience conforming to the underlying To the extent that actual plan experience deviates from the underlying assumptions, the results would vary accordingly.

We hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that as Members of the American Academy of Actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards to render the opinions contained herein.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Fiona E. Liston, FSA

Principal Consulting Actuary

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Margaret A. Tempkin, FSA **Consulting Actuary** 

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#### **FOREWORD**

Cheiron has performed the actuarial valuation of the Delaware State Police Pension Plan as of June 30, 2010. The purpose of this report is to:

- 1) **Measure and disclose**, as of the valuation date, the financial condition of the Plan;
- 2) **Indicate trends** in the financial progress of the Plan;
- 3) **Determine the contribution rate** to be paid by the State for Fiscal Year 2012; and
- 4) **Provide specific information** and documentation required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

An actuarial valuation establishes and analyzes Plan assets and liabilities on a consistent basis, and traces the progress of both from one year to the next. It includes measurement of the Plan's investment performance as well as an analysis of actuarial liability gains and losses.

**Section I** presents a summary containing our findings and disclosing important trends experienced by the Plan in recent years.

**Section II** contains details on various asset measures, together with pertinent performance measurements.

**Section III** shows similar information on Plan liabilities, measured for actuarial, accounting, and government reporting purposes.

**Section IV** develops the State contribution rate determined using actuarial techniques.

**Section V** includes the required disclosures under GASB Statement number 25.

The appendices to this report contain a summary of the Plan's membership at the valuation date, a summary of the major provisions of the Plan, and the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the valuations.

In preparing our report, we relied without audit, on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the Plan's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, plan provisions, employee data, and financial information.

The actuarial assumptions reflect our understanding of the likely future experience of the Plan and the assumptions as a whole represent our best estimate for the future experience of the Plan. The results of this report are dependent upon future experience conforming to these assumptions. To the extent that future experience deviates from the actuarial assumptions, the true cost of the Plan could vary from our results.

Finally, in preparing this report, we have conformed to generally accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct, and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board.



#### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

#### **General Comments**

The actuarially determined contribution rate increased from 15.93% for FY 2011 to 16.43% for FY 2012. There were several reasons for this increase: a loss on the actuarial value of assets; a gain on the Plan's liability, and other normal plan operations. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the Plan's assets earned 13.9% on a market value basis. However, due to the Plan's asset-smoothing technique, the return on the actuarial asset value was 4.8%. This return is less than the assumed rate of return of 8.0% and resulted in an actuarial loss on investments of \$7.4 million.

The Plan also experienced an actuarial gain on Plan liabilities resulting from salary increases different than assumed and members retiring, terminating, becoming disabled and dying at rates different from the actuarial assumptions. The gain decreased the actuarial liability by \$6.3 million (2.4% of total actuarial liability). This type of activity is normal in the course of plan experience. The Plan will experience actuarial gains and losses over time because we cannot predict exactly how people will behave. When a plan experiences alternating gains and losses that are small compared to the total actuarial liability, then the plan's actuarial assumptions are reasonable.

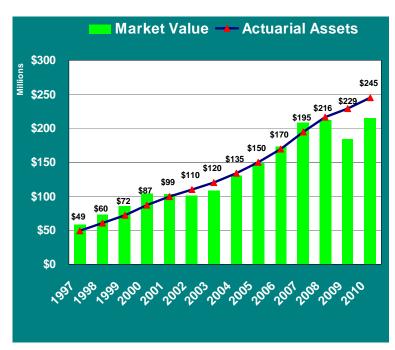
As of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, the Plan's unfunded actuarial liability was \$15.0 million. This is an increase from last year's unfunded actuarial liability of \$11.8 million. Components of the increase include the \$7.4 million loss on Plan assets, the \$6.3 million gain on Plan liabilities, and an expected increase in the unfunded due to the lag in budgeting. The actual State contribution made in FY 2010 included a negative amortization of the plan's surplus that existed at June 30, 2008. Since that rate was established, the surplus has turned to an unfunded liability and the rate is still in the process of catching up to that new reality.



### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Trends

### **Growth in Assets**



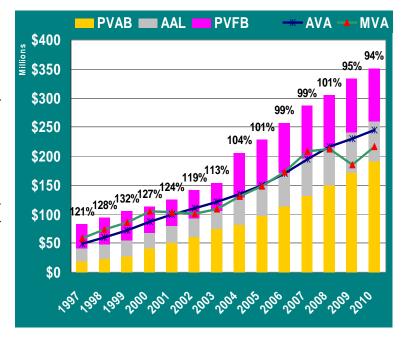
The market value of assets (MVA) returned 13.9% over the last year. The determination of the Plan's actuarial value of assets reflects another piece of the 2008-2009 losses, which dampened the impact of the superior return on the actuarial assets.

Over the period July 1, 1997 to June 30, 2010 the Plan's assets returned approximately 8.5% per year measured at actuarial value, compared to a valuation assumption of 8% per year.

### **Assets and Liabilities**

The three colored bars represent the three different measures of liability mentioned in this report. For funding purposes, the target amount is represented by the top of the gray bar. We compare the actuarial value of assets to this measure of liability in developing the funded percent. These are the percentages shown in the graph labels.

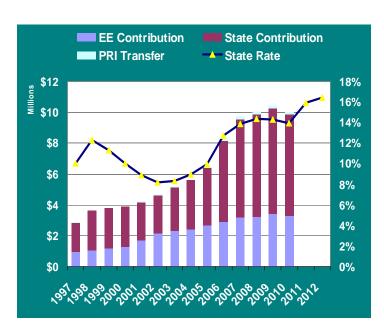
The amount represented by the top of the pink bars, the Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB), is the amount needed to provide all benefits for the current participants and their beneficiaries. If the Plan had assets equal to the PVFB no contributions would, in theory, be needed for the current members.





### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

#### **Contribution Rates**



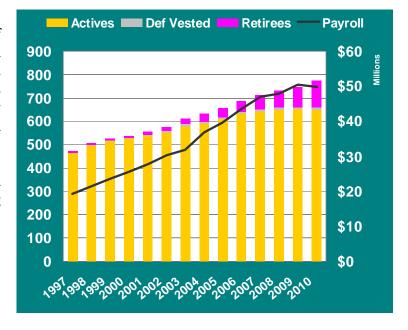
The stacked bars in this graph show the contributions made by the State, the PRI Fund, and the members (left hand scale). The black line shows the State contribution rate as a percent of payroll (right hand scale).

The member contribution rate is set by State law, depending on which plan the member participates in. The State contribution rate is set by the actuarial process and PRI Fund transfers depend on the increase granted. Please note there is a lag in the rate shown. For example, the 2010 value is the rate prepared by the 2008 valuation and implemented for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010.

### Participant Trends

The bars show the number of participants in each category and should be read using the left-hand scale. As with many funds in this country, there has been a steady growth in the number of retired members as the Plan has matured.

The black line shows the covered payroll in the Plan and is read using the right-hand scale.

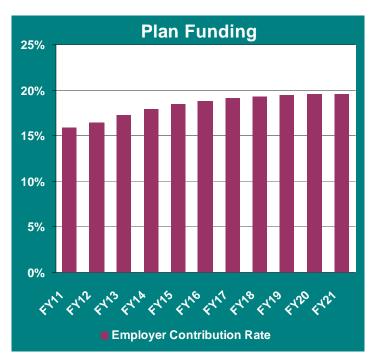




### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

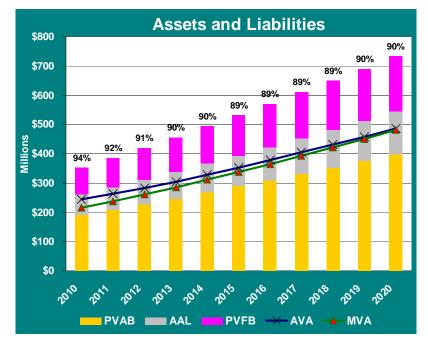
#### **Future Outlook**

# **Base Line Projections**



These graphs show the expected progress of the Plan over the next ten years assuming the Plan's assets earn 8% on their *market value*. The chart entitled "Plan Funding" shows that the State rate is expected to increase as excluded investment losses are recognized by the smoothing method.

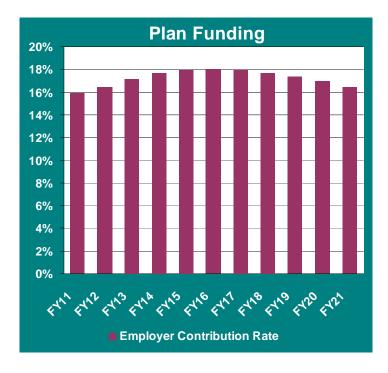
The "Assets and Liabilities" graph shows the projected funding status over the next ten years. The Plan's funded status is projected to decline by 4% over the next 10 years.





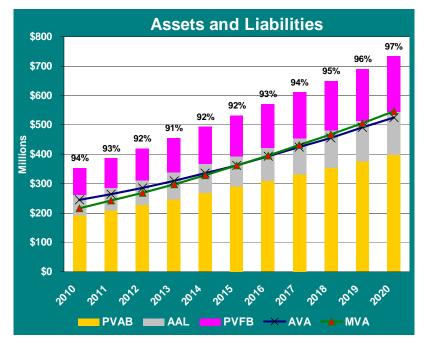
### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

### Projections With Asset Returns of 9.5%



The future funding status of this Plan will be influenced by the investment earnings. Due to the size of assets, as compared to liabilities, the Plan is in a leveraged position. These two charts show what the next ten years would look like with a 9.5% annual return in each year.

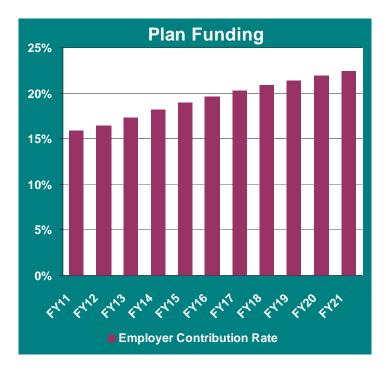
As you can see, the Plan's funded level would decline over the next few years as stored investment losses are recognized, then funding slowly improves until reaching 97% funding by 2020. Contribution rates would increase for the first five years, then decrease over the next five years reaching a level slightly under 17% of payroll.





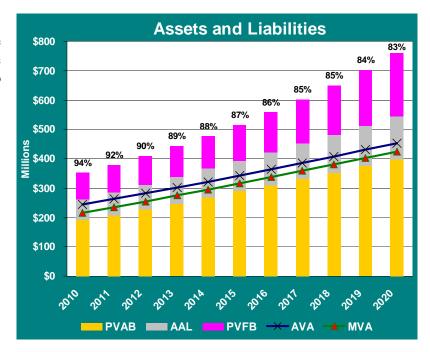
### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

### Projections With Asset Returns of 6.5%



To further demonstrate how the future funding of this Plan will be driven by investment earnings, we show the anticipated plan funding projections if the invested assets earn 6.5% per year over the entire ten-year period.

Under this scenario, the contribution increases and the funding status declines due to returns less than 8%.





### SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

# Table I-1 Delaware State Police Pension Plan Summary of Principal Plan Results

Summary of Frincipal Fran Kesuits						
Valuation as of:	Jı	ine 30, 2009	Ju	ne 30, 2010	% Change	
Participant Counts						
Active Participants		652		651	(0.15%)	
Disabled Participants		17		19	11.76%	
Retirees and Beneficiaries		69		94	36.23%	
Terminated Vested Participants		9		8	(11.11%)	
Inactive Participants		0		1	<u>N/A</u>	
Total		747		773	3.48%	
Annual Salaries of Active Members*	\$	50,425,200	\$	49,896,300	(1.05%)	
Annual Retirement Allowances for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	4,069,300	\$	5,604,000	37.71%	
Assets and Liabilities Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	241,250,900 229,457,000	\$	260,257,900 245,303,000	7.88% <u>6.91%</u>	
Unfunded AAL Funded Ratio	\$	11,793,900 95.1%	\$	14,954,900 94.3%	26.80%	
Present Value of Accrued Benefits (PVAB)	\$	171,667,200	\$	190,830,400	11.16%	
Market Value of Assets		184,918,900		215,664,800	16.63%	
Unfunded PVAB	\$	(13,251,700)	\$	(24,834,400)	87.41%	
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		107.7%		113.0%		
Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll	Fisc	cal Year 2011	Fisc	cal Year 2012		
Normal Cost Contribution		14.02%		14.02%		
Unfunded Actuarial Liability Contribution		1.71%		2.21%		
Administrative Expense		0.20%		0.20%		
Total State Contribution		15.93%		16.43%		

<sup>\*</sup> Assumes one year of payroll projection



#### SECTION II ASSETS

Pension Plan assets play a key role in the financial operation of the Plan and in the decisions the Trustees may make with respect to future deployment of those assets. The level of assets, the allocation of assets among asset classes, and the methodology used to measure assets will likely impact upon benefit levels, State contributions, and the ultimate security of participants' benefits.

In this section, we present detailed information on Plan assets including:

- **Disclosure** of Plan assets at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2010;
- Statement of the **changes** in market values during the year;
- Development of the **Actuarial Value of Assets**;
- An assessment of **investment performance**; and
- A projection of the Plan's expected **cashflows** for the next ten years.

#### **Disclosure**

The market value of assets represents "snap-shot" or "cash-out" values which provide the principal basis for measuring financial performance from one year to the next. Market values, however, can fluctuate widely with corresponding swings in the marketplace. As a result, market values are usually not suitable for long-range planning.

The actuarial values are market values which have been smoothed and are the actuary's best estimate of long-term asset values. They are used for evaluating the Plan's ongoing liability to meet its obligations.

Current methods employed by this Plan set the actuarial value equal to the expected value plus 20% of the difference between the expected value of assets and the actual market value. The expected value is equal to the prior year's actuarial value, rolled forward with actual contributions and benefit payments plus interest imputed at 8%.



## SECTION II ASSETS

Table II-1 Changes in Market Values					
Value of Assets – June 30, 2009		\$	184,918,900		
Additions Member Contributions Employer Contributions PRI Fund Transfer Other Investment Return Total Additions	\$ 3,276,200 6,562,600 150,600 37,900 26,035,400 \$ 36,062,700				
Deductions Benefit Payments Administrative Expenses Total Deductions	\$ 5,244,000				
Value of Assets – June 30, 2010		\$	215,664,800		



### SECTION II ASSETS

	Table II-2 Development of Actuarial Value of Assets	
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets at June 30, 2009	\$ 229,457,000
2.	Amount in (1) with interest to June 30, 2010	247,813,600
3.	Employer, PRI, member contributions and other for the Plan Year ended June 30, 2010	10,027,300
4.	Interest on contributions assuming payments made uniformly throughout the year to June 30, 2010 at 8.00% per year	401,100
5.	Disbursements from Trust except investment expenses, July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010	5,316,800
6.	Interest on disbursements to June 30, 2010 at 8.00% per year	212,700
7.	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets at June 30, 2010 $= (2) + (3) + (4) - (5) - (6)$	252,712,500
8.	Actual Market Value of Assets at June 30, 2010	215,664,800
9.	Excess of (8) over (7)	(37,047,700)
10.	Actuarial Value of Assets at June 30, $2010 = (7) + 20\%$ of (9)	\$ 245,303,000

### **Actuarial Value of Assets**

The actuarial value of assets represents a "smoothed" value developed by the actuary to reduce, or eliminate, erratic results which could develop from short-term fluctuations in the market value of assets. For this Plan, the actuarial value has been calculated by adding 20% of the difference between market value and expected value to the expected value. The above table illustrates the calculation of actuarial value of assets for the June 30, 2010 valuation.



#### SECTION II ASSETS

### **Investment Performance**

The market value of assets (MVA) returned 13.9% during 2010, which is more than the assumed 8% return. A return of 4.8% on the actuarial value of assets (AVA) is primarily the result of the asset smoothing method being utilized for the calculation of the actuarial value of assets. Since only 20% of the gain or loss from the performance of the Plan is recognized in a given year, in periods of very good performance, the AVA can lag significantly behind the MVA. In a period of negative returns, the AVA does not decline as rapidly as the MVA.

Table II-3 Projection of Plan's Benefit Payments					
Year Beginning July 1,	<b>Expected Benefit Payments</b>	Expected Contributions*			
2010	\$ 6,351,000	\$ 11,780,000			
2011	7,808,000	12,132,000			
2012	9,569,000	12,587,000			
2013	11,325,000	13,059,000			
2014	12,999,000	13,549,000			
2015	15,042,000	14,057,000			
2016	17,338,000	14,584,000			
2017	19,657,000	15,131,000			
2018	22,004,000	15,698,000			
2019	24,381,000	16,287,000			

<sup>\*</sup> Expected contributions include State Contributions, Member Contributions, and PRI Transfers. For illustration purposes, we have assumed the State Contribution rate will remain level and that payroll will increase at the actuarially assumed rate of 3.75% per year.

Expected benefit payments are projected for the closed group valued at June 30, 2010. Projecting any farther than ten years using a closed-group would not yield reliable predictions due to the omission of new hires.



#### SECTION III LIABILITIES

In this section, we present detailed information on Plan liabilities including:

- **Disclosure** of Plan liabilities at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2010;
- Statement of **changes** in these liabilities during the year; and

### **Disclosure**

Several types of liabilities are calculated and presented in this report. Each type is distinguished by the people ultimately using the figures and the purpose for which they are using them.

- **Present Value of Benefits:** Used for analyzing the financial outlook of the Plan, this represents the amount of money needed today to fully pay off all future benefits and expenses of the Plan, assuming participants continue to accrue benefits.
- Actuarial Accrued Liability: Used for funding calculations and GASB disclosures, this
  liability is calculated taking the Present Value of Benefits and subtracting the present value
  of future Member Contributions and future Employer Normal Costs under an acceptable
  actuarial funding method. This method is referred to as the Entry Age Normal funding
  method.
- **Present Value of Accrued Liabilities:** Used for communicating the current level of liabilities, this liability represents the total amount of money needed today to fully pay off the current accrued obligations of the Plan, assuming no future accruals of benefits. These liabilities are also required for accounting purposes (Topic No. 960) and used to assess whether the Plan can meet its current benefit commitments.

The following table discloses each of these liabilities for the current and prior valuations. With respect to each disclosure, a subtraction of the appropriate value of Plan assets yields, for each respective type, a **net surplus** or an **unfunded liability**.



# SECTION III LIABILITIES

Table III-1				
Liabilities/Net (Surplus)/U				
	J	June 30, 2009	J	June 30, 2010
Present Value of Benefits				
Active Participant Benefits	\$	285,132,500	\$	285,325,800
Retiree and Inactive Benefits		48,722,200		65,840,700
Present Value of Benefits (PVB)	\$	333,854,700	\$	351,166,500
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	184,918,900	\$	215,664,800
Future Member Contributions	,	30,838,600	·	30,291,400
Future State Contributions & PRI Fund Transfers		118,097,200		105,210,300
Total Resources	\$	333,854,700	\$	351,166,500
Actuarial Accrued Liability				
Present Value of Benefits (PVB)	\$	333,854,700	\$	351,166,500
Present Value of Future Normal Costs (PVFNC)	•	61,765,200	·	60,617,200
Present Value of Future Member Contributions (PVFEEC)		30,838,600		30,291,400
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL = PVB – PVFNC – PVFEEC)		241,250,900		260,257,900
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		229,457,000		245,303,000
Net (Surplus)/Unfunded (AAL – AVA)	\$	11,793,900	\$	14,954,900
Present Value of Accrued Liability				
Present Value of Benefits (PVB)	\$	333,854,700	\$	351,166,500
Present Value of Future Benefit Accruals (PVFBA)		162,187,500		160,336,100
Present Value of Accrued Liability (PVAB=PVB-PVFBA)		171,667,200		190,830,400
Market Value of Assets (MVA)		184,918,900		215,664,800
Net Unfunded (PVAB – MVA)	\$	(13,251,700)	\$	(24,834,400)



#### SECTION III LIABILITIES

# **Changes in Liabilities**

Each of the Liabilities disclosed in the prior table are expected to change at each valuation. The components of that change, depending upon which liability is analyzed, can include:

- New hires since the last valuation
- Benefits accrued since the last valuation
- Plan amendments increasing benefits
- Passage of time which adds interest to the prior liability
- Benefits paid to retirees since the last valuation
- Participants retiring, terminating, or dying at rates different than expected
- A change in actuarial or investment assumptions
- A change in the actuarial funding method

Unfunded liabilities will change because of all of the above, and also due to changes in Plan assets resulting from:

- Employer contributions different than expected
- Investment earnings different than expected
- A change in the method used to measure plan assets

In each valuation, we report on those elements of change which are of particular significance, potentially affecting the long-term financial outlook of the Plan. Below we present key changes in liabilities since the last valuation.

Table III-2	Present	Actuarial	Present Value
	Value of	Accrued	of Accrued
(In Thousands)	Benefits	Liability	Liability
Liabilities June 30, 2009	\$333,855	\$241,251	\$171,667
Liabilities June 30, 2010	351,167	260,258	190,830
Liability Increase (Decrease)	17,312	19,007	19,163
Change Due to:			
PRI Increase	0	0	0
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	NC*	(6,287)	NC*
Benefits Accumulated and			
Other Sources	17,312	25,294	19,163

<sup>\*</sup> NC = not calculated



# SECTION III LIABILITIES

	Table III-3 Actuarial Liabilities for Funding June 30, 2009 June 30, 2010				
1.	Actuarial Liabilities Retiree and Inactive Benefits Active Members Total Actuarial Liability	\$ <b>\$</b>	48,722,200 192,528,700 <b>241,250,900</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	65,840,700 194,417,200 <b>260,257,900</b>
2.	Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	229,457,000	\$	245,303,000
3.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	11,793,900	\$	14,954,900
4.	Outstanding PRI Transfers/(1 – 5 years)	\$	221,100	\$	86,300
5.	Net (Gain)/Loss Base for 20 Year Amort. (3-4)	\$	11,572,800	\$	14,868,600



#### SECTION IV CONTRIBUTIONS

In the process of evaluating the financial condition of any pension plan, the actuary analyzes the assets and liabilities to determine what level (if any) of contributions is needed to properly maintain the funding status of the Plan. Typically, the actuarial process will use a funding technique that will result in a pattern of contributions that are both stable and predictable.

For this Plan, the funding method employed is the **Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method**. Under this method, there are three components to the total contribution: the **normal cost rate**, the **unfunded actuarial liability rate** (UAL rate), and the **administrative expense rate**. The normal cost rate is determined in the following steps. First, for a typical new entrant an individual normal cost rate is determined by taking the value, as of entry age into the plan, of that member's projected future benefits. This value is then divided by the value, also at entry age, of the member's expected future salary. Finally, the total normal cost rate is reduced by the member contribution rate to produce the employer normal cost rate.

The UAL rate is calculated by amortizing all UAL (except for the present value of scheduled PRI transfers) over an open 20 year period. All payments are determined assuming total pay increases by the annual inflation rate of 3.75%.

The assumed administrative expense rate is 0.20% of payroll. This rate, when applied to payroll, is intended to provide an allowance above the cost of funding the benefits to pay for the expense of operating the Plan.

The table below presents and compares the employer contribution rates for the Plan for this valuation and the prior one.

Table IV-1 Employer Contribution Rate					
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010			
Entry Age Normal Cost Rate	14.02%	14.02%			
Amortization Payment	1.71%	2.21%			
Expense	0.20%	0.20%			
Actuarially Determined Contribution	15.93%	16.43%			



# SECTION IV CONTRIBUTIONS

Table IV-2 Development of Plan Cost as of June 30, 2010					
	In Dollars	As % of Payroll			
<ol> <li>Present value of projected benefits attributable to:</li> <li>a. Total Normal Cost</li> <li>b. Expected Members Contribution</li> <li>c. Employer Paid Normal Cost (a) – (b)</li> </ol>	\$ 10,488,200 3,492,700 \$ 6,995,500	21.02% 7.00% 14.02%			
2. Amortization of Unfunded Liability	\$ 1,104,800	2.21%			
3. Allowance for Expense	\$ 99,800	0.20%			
4. Total Employer Contribution Rate $(1) + (2) + (3)$	\$ 8,200,100	16.43%			



#### SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

ASC Topic No. 960 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board requires the Plan to disclose certain information regarding its funded status. Statement No. 25 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) establishes standards for disclosure of pension information by public employee retirement systems (PERS) and governmental employers in notes to financial statements and supplementary information.

The FASB ASC Topic No. 960 disclosures provide a quasi "snap shot" view of how the Plan's assets compare to its liabilities if contributions stopped and accrued benefit claims had to be satisfied. However, due to potential legal requirements and the possibility that alternative interest rates would have to be used to determine the liabilities, these values may not be a good indication of the amount of money it would take to buy the benefits for all members if the Plan were to terminate.

The GASB-25 actuarial accrued liability is the same as the actuarial liability amount calculated for funding purposes.

Both the present value of accrued benefits (Topic No. 960) and the actuarial accrued liability (GASB-25) are determined assuming that the Plan is on-going and participants continue to terminate employment, retire, etc., in accordance with the actuarial assumptions. Liabilities are discounted at the assumed valuation interest rate of 8% per annum.

FASB ASC Topic No. 960 specifies that a comparison of the present value of accrued (accumulated) benefits with the market value of the assets as of the valuation date must be provided. GASB Statement No. 25 requires the actuarial accrued liability be compared with the actuarial value of assets for funding purposes. The relevant amounts as of June 30, 2010 are exhibited in Table V-1. Finally, Table V-2 reconciles the Topic No. 960 liabilities determined as of the prior valuation, July 1, 2009, to the liabilities as of June 30, 2010.

Tables V-3 through V-5 are exhibits to be used with the State CAFR report. Table V-3 is the Note to Required Supplementary Information, Table V-4 is a history of gains and losses in Accrued Liability, and Table V-5 is the Solvency Test which shows the portion of Accrued Liability covered by Assets.



# SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

	Table V-1					
	Accounting Statement Information  June 30, 2009  June 30, 2010					June 30, 2010
	TC A	SB ASC Topic No. 960 Basis		Tune 30, 2009	٠	June 30, 2010
<b>A.</b>		Present Value of Benefits Accrued and Vested to Date				
		<ul><li>a. Members Currently Receiving Payments</li><li>b. Former Vested Members</li><li>c. Active Members</li></ul>	\$	47,699,900 1,022,300 122,945,000	\$	65,550,400 290,300 124,989,700
	2.	Total Present Value of Accrued Benefits $(1 (a) + 1(b) + 1(c))$	\$	171,667,200	\$	190,830,400
	3.	Assets at Market Value		184,918,900		215,664,800
	4.	Unfunded Present Value of Accrued Benefits $(2-3)$	\$	(13,251,700)	\$	(24,834,400)
	5.	Ratio of Assets to Present Value of Benefits (3 / 2)		107.7%		113.0%
B.	GA	ASB No. 25 Basis				
	1.	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities for retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$	48,722,200	\$	65,840,700
	2.	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities for current employees		192,528,700		194,417,200
	3.	Total Actuarial Accrued Liability (1 + 2)	\$	241,250,900	\$	260,257,900
	4.	Net Actuarial Assets available for benefits		229,457,000		245,303,000
	5.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3 – 4)	\$	11,793,900	\$	14,954,900



# SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

Table V-2 Statement of Changes in Total Actua Present Value of All Accrued Benef	
	Accumulated Benefit Obligation (Topic No. 960)
Actuarial Present Value of Accrued Benefits at June 30, 2009	\$ 171,667,200
Increase (Decrease) During Years Attributable to:	
Passage of Time	13,523,600
Benefit Paid – FY 2010	(5,244,000)
Plan/Assumption Change	0
PRI	0
Benefits Accrued, Other Gains/Losses	10,883,600
Net Increase (Decrease)	19,163,200
Actuarial Present Value of Accrued Benefits at June 30, 2010	\$ 190,830,400



#### SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

## Table V-3 NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date July 1, 2010

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent open

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-Year smoothed market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return\*

Projected salary increases\*

\*Includes inflation at

Cost-of-living adjustments

8.0%

4.8%-16.3%

3.75%

ad hoc

The actuarial assumptions used have been recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Plan's Board of Trustees based on the most recent review of the Plan's experience, completed in 2004.

The rate of employer contributions to the Plan is composed of the normal cost, amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and an allowance for administrative expenses. The normal cost is a level percent of payroll cost which, along with member contributions, will pay for projected benefits at retirement for the average plan participant. The actuarial accrued liability is that portion of the present value of projected benefits that will not be paid by future employer normal costs or member contributions. The difference between this liability and the funds accumulated as of the same date is the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The allowance for administrative expenses is based upon the Plan's actual administrative expenses.



### **SECTION V** ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

### Table V-4 ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE

# Gain and Loss in Accrued Liability During Years Ended June 30 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience Gain (or Loss) for Year ending June 30,

			(expi	essec	l in thousar	ıds)			
Type of Activity	2006	2	2007	2	2008		2009	,	2010
Investment Income on Actuarial Assets	\$ 852	\$	3,425	\$	(1,179)	\$	(11,135)	\$	(7,410)
Combined Liability Experience	 (2,369)		(3,722)		4,190		(2,136)		6,287
(Loss)/Gain During Year from Financial Experience	\$ (1,517)	\$	(297)	\$	3,011	\$	(13,271)	\$	(1,123)
Non-Recurring Items	 (330)		0		0		0		0
Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year	\$ (1,847)	\$	(297)	\$	3,011	\$	(13,271)	\$	(1,123)

	Table V-5 SOLVENCY TEST Aggregate Accrued Liabilities for (expressed in thousands)										
Valuation Date June 30,	N	Active Member atributions (1)		irants & eficiaries (2)	M En F	Active Iember mployer inanced tributions (3)	V R	ctuarial Value of eported Assets		on of Accrued Lial red by Reported A (2)	
2010	\$	40,955	\$	65,550	\$	153,753	\$	245,303	100%	100%	90%
2009		38,619		47,700		154,932		229,457	100%	100%	92%
2008		35,707		36,474		142,740		216,368	100%	100%	101%
2007		31,979		29,887		133,945		194,560	100%	100%	99%
2006		28,551		22,373		119,953		169,824	100%	100%	99%
2005		25,260		16,667		107,730		150,209	100%	100%	101%



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Active Members by Age and Service as of June 30, 2010

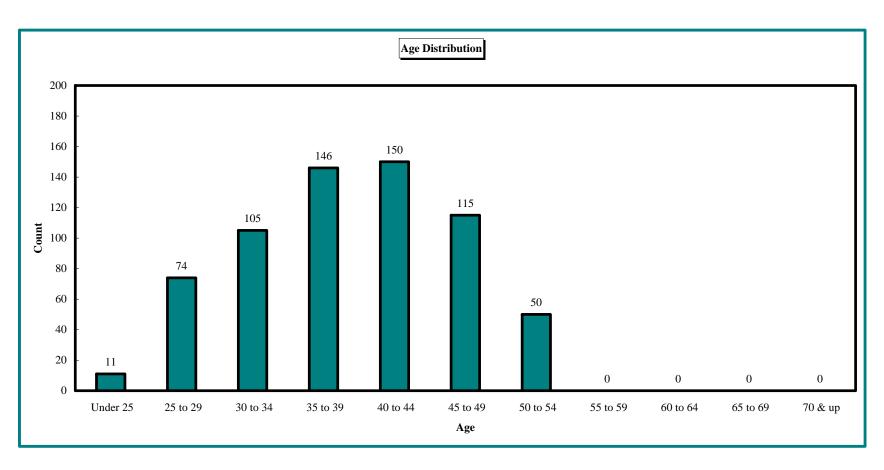
#### COUNTS BY AGE/SERVICE

					CNIS DI AG					-	
					Servic	e					
Age	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & up	Total
Under 25	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
25 to 29	7	48	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74
30 to 34	6	29	56	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	105
35 to 39	3	11	36	84	12	0	0	0	0	0	146
40 to 44	1	4	18	50	31	46	0	0	0	0	150
45 to 49	0	0	1	12	3	80	19	0	0	0	115
50 to 54	0	0	0	1	2	17	30	0	0	0	50
55 to 59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60 to 64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65 to 69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70 & up	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	26	94	130	161	48	143	49	0	0	0	651



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

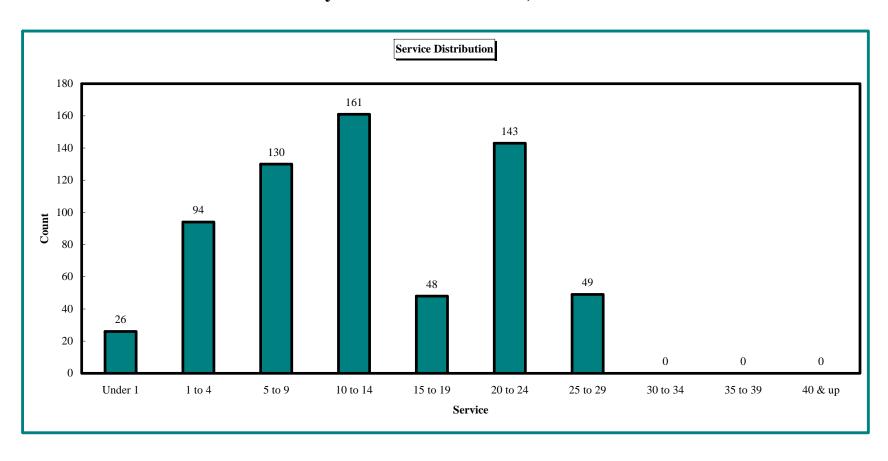
# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Active Members by Age as of June 30, 2010





# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Active Members by Service as of June 30, 2010





# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Active Members by Age and Service as of June 30, 2010

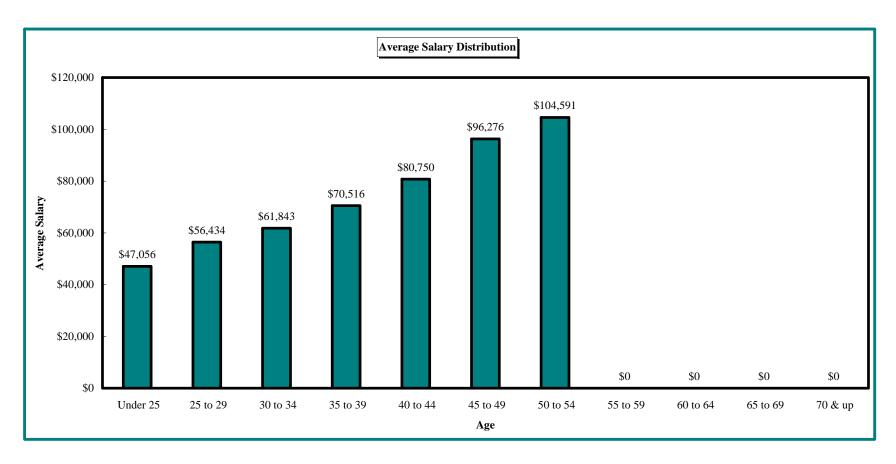
#### AVERAGE SALARY BY AGE/SERVICE

					Servio	e					
Age	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & up	Total
Under 25	\$44,846	\$57,002	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$47,056
25 to 29	\$40,398	\$56,558	\$62,030	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$56,434
30 to 34	\$41,320	\$58,572	\$63,639	\$70,230	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$61,843
35 to 39	\$46,135	\$56,820	\$64,355	\$73,861	\$84,233	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,516
40 to 44	\$42,308	\$60,231	\$65,291	\$74,154	\$83,323	\$94,855	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$80,750
45 to 49	\$0	\$0	\$63,582	\$75,807	\$81,511	\$96,759	\$111,220	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$96,276
50 to 54	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$75,794	\$80,237	\$96,566	\$111,722	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$104,591
55 to 59	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
60 to 64	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
65 to 69	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
70 & up	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$42,886	\$57,376	\$63,830	\$73,793	\$83,309	\$96,124	\$111,527	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$76,646



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

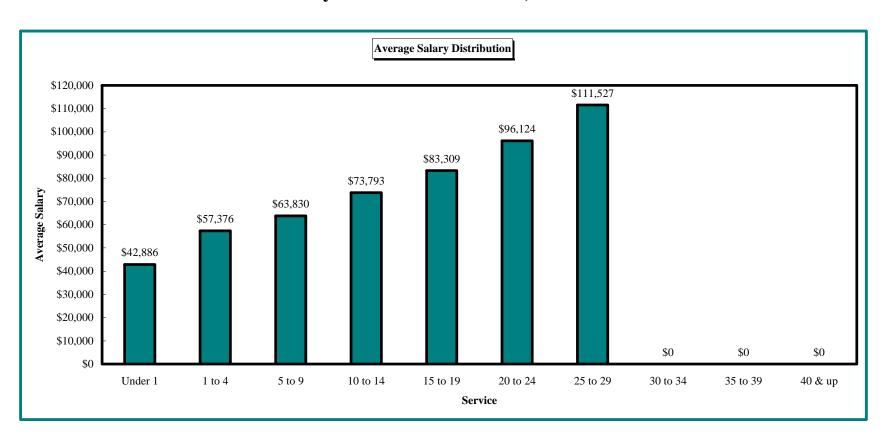
# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Active Members by Age as of June 30, 2010





# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Active Members by Service as of June 30, 2010





# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

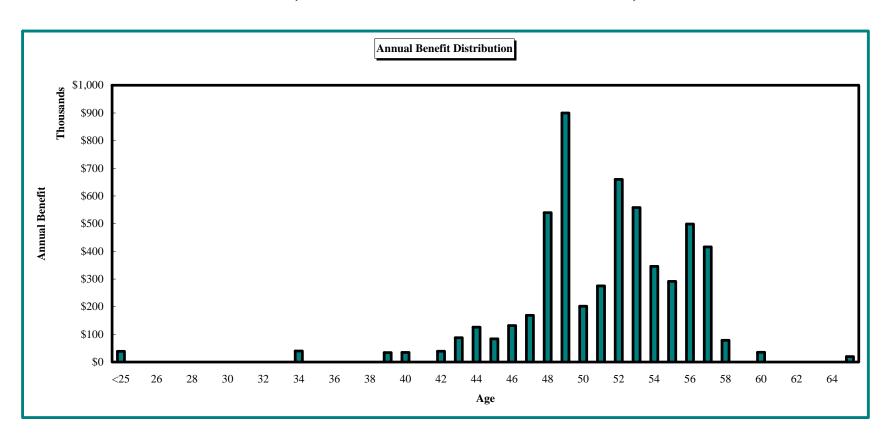
# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Retired Members, Survivors, and Disabled Members as of June 30, 2010

Age	Count	Annual Benefit	Age	Count	Annual Benefit
<25	1	\$38,549	73	0	\$0
25	0	\$0	74	0	\$0
26	0	\$0	75	0	\$0
27	0	\$0	76	0	\$0
28	0	\$0	77	0	\$0
29	0	\$0	78	0	\$0
30	0	\$0	79	0	\$0
31	0	\$0	80	0	\$0
32	0	\$0	81	0	\$0
33	0	\$0	82	0	\$0
34	1	\$39,652	83	0	\$0
35	0	\$0	84	0	\$0
36	0	\$0	85	0	\$0
37	0	\$0	86	0	\$0
38	0	\$0	87	0	\$0
39	1	\$34,213	88	0	\$0
40	1	\$34,328	89	0	\$0
41	0	\$0	90	0	\$0
42	2	\$39,036	91	0	\$0
43	2	\$87,992	92	0	\$0
44	3	\$126,109	93	0	\$0
45	2	\$83,610	94	0	\$0
46	3	\$132,001	95	0	\$0
47	3	\$168,659	96	0	\$0
48	10	\$539,686	97	0	\$0 \$0
49	18	\$899,728	98	0	\$0 \$0
50	3	\$201,799	99	0	\$0
51	6	\$275,315	100	0	\$0 \$0
52	15	\$660,060	101	0	\$0 \$0
53	9	\$558,154	102	0	\$0 \$0
54	7	\$345,844	103	0	\$0 \$0
55	6	\$291,265	104	0	\$0 \$0
56	10	\$498,719	105	0	\$0 \$0
57	7	\$415,824	106	0	\$0 \$0
58	1	\$78,260	107	0	\$0 \$0
59	0	\$0	108	0	\$0 \$0
60	1	\$35,364	109	0	\$0 \$0
61	0	\$0	110	0	\$0 \$0
62	0	\$0 \$0	111	0	\$0 \$0
63	0	\$0 \$0	112	0	\$0 \$0
64	0	\$0 \$0	113	0	\$0 \$0
65	1	\$19,803	113	0	\$0 \$0
66	0	\$19,803	115	0	\$0 \$0
67	0	\$0 \$0	116	0	\$0 \$0
68	0	\$0 \$0	117	0	\$0 \$0
69	0	\$0 \$0	117	0	\$0 \$0
70	0	\$0 \$0	119	0	\$0 \$0
70 71	0	\$0 \$0	119	0	\$0 \$0
71 72	0	\$0 \$0	120	U	ΦΟ
12	0	Φ0	Totals	113	\$5,602,070
			Totals	113	\$5,603,970



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Retired Members, Survivors, and Disabled Members as of June 30, 2010





# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

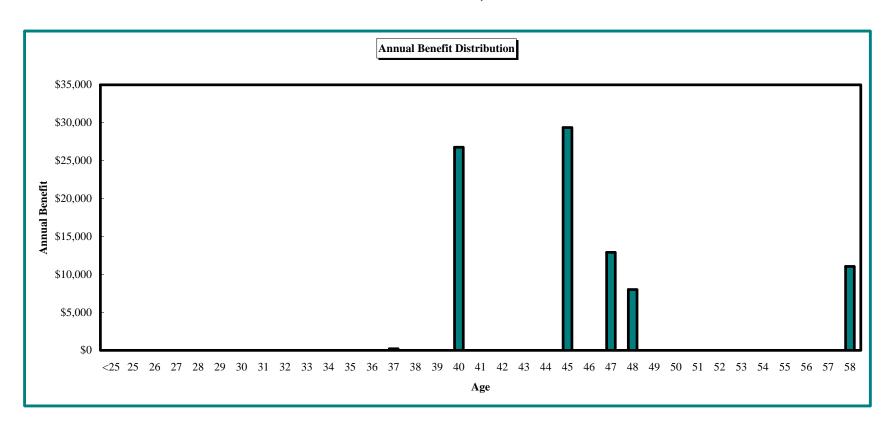
# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Vested Members as of June 30, 2010

Age	Count A	Annual Benefit	Age	Count	Annual Benefit
<25	0	\$0	73	0	\$0
25	0	\$0	74	0	\$0
26	0	\$0	75	0	\$0
27	0	\$0	76	0	\$0
28	0	\$0	77	0	\$0
29	0	\$0	78	0	\$0
30	0	\$0	79	0	\$0
31	0	\$0	80	0	\$0
32	0	\$0	81	0	\$0
33	0	\$0	82	0	\$0
34	0	\$0	83	0	\$0
35	0	\$0	84	0	\$0
36	0	\$0	85	0	\$0
37	1	\$204	86	0	\$0
38	0	\$0	87	0	\$0
39	0	\$0	88	0	\$0
40	1	\$26,773	89	0	\$0
41	0	\$0	90	0	\$0
42	0	\$0	91	0	\$0
43	0	\$0	92	0	\$0
44	0	\$0	93	0	\$0
45	3	\$29,369	94	0	\$0
46	0	\$0	95	0	\$0
47	1	\$12,915	96	0	\$0
48	1	\$8,014	97	0	\$0
49	0	\$0	98	0	\$0
50	0	\$0	99	0	\$0
51	0	\$0	100	0	\$0
52	0	\$0	101	0	\$0
53	0	\$0	102	0	\$0
54	0	\$0	103	0	\$0
55	0	\$0	104	0	\$0
56	0	\$0	105	0	\$0
57	0	\$0	106	0	\$0
58	1	\$11,057	107	0	\$0
59	0	\$0	108	0	\$0
60	0	\$0	109	0	\$0
61	0	\$0	110	0	\$0
62	0	\$0	111	0	\$0
63	0	\$0	112	0	\$0
64	0	\$0	113	0	\$0
65	0	\$0	114	0	\$0
66	0	\$0	115	0	\$0
67	0	\$0	116	0	\$0
68	0	\$0	117	0	\$0
69	0	\$0	118	0	\$0
70	0	\$0	119	0	\$0
71	0	\$0	120	0	\$0
72	0	\$0		_	***
			Totals	8	\$88,332



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

# Delaware State Police Pension Plan Distribution of Vested Members as of June 30, 2010





# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

### A. Long-Term Assumptions Used to Determine Plan Costs and Liabilities

### 1. Demographic Assumptions

### a. Healthy Inactive Mortality

With Full Generational Mortality Improvements (Projection Scale AA)

Male: 97% of 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table

Female: 87% of RP-2000 FW Mortality Table

	Rates (	Healthy Inact Prior to ection)		ty ion Scale
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
40	0.10%	0.09%	0.80%	1.50%
45	0.15	0.14	1.30	1.60
50	0.25	0.21	1.80	1.70
55	0.43	0.30	1.90	0.80
60	0.77	0.49	1.60	0.50
65	1.41	0.79	1.40	0.50
70	2.30	1.32	1.50	0.50
75	3.61	2.24	1.40	0.80
80	6.02	3.75	1.00	0.70

### **b.** Healthy Active Mortality

With Full Generational Mortality Improvements (Projection Scale AA)

Male: 90% of RP-2000 RE Mortality Table Female: 80% of RP-2000 RE Mortality Table

Rates	Rates of Healthy Active Mortality					
Age	Male	Female				
20	0.03%	0.02%				
25	0.03	0.02				
30	0.04	0.02				
35	0.07	0.04				
40	0.10	0.06				
45	0.14	0.09				
50	0.19	0.13				
55	0.27	0.20				
60	0.44	0.31				



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

# c. Disabled Inactive Mortality

Male: 27% of 1977 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Mortality Female: 92% of 1981 PBGC Disabled Mortality with Social Security

Rates o	Rates of Disabled Inactive Mortality				
Age	Male	Female			
40	0.74%	1.92%			
45	0.74	2.06			
50	0.78	2.36			
55	1.00	2.71			
60	1.28	3.05			
65	1.62	3.40			
70	2.01	3.78			
75	2.48	4.53			
80	3.32	6.86			

# d. Rates of Active Disability

Rates of Active Disability				
Age	Current			
20	0.02%			
25	0.02			
30	0.07			
35	0.10			
40	0.39			
45	0.78			
50	1.10			
55	1.50			
60	0.00			

1/3 of disabilities are partial and 2/3 is total.

1/3 of disabilities are duty-related and 2/3 is non-duty related.



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

# e. Termination of Employment (Prior to Normal Retirement Eligibility)

10-year Select & Ultimate tables (service-based) to age 54

SER	RVICE
Select:	Rate
0	8.00%
1	2.50
2	2.50
3	2.25
4	2.00
5	2.00
6	1.75
7	1.50
8	1.25
9	1.00
Ultimate	1.00

#### f. Retirement

Normal Retirement: 1-year Select & Ultimate (age-based) upon attaining the earliest of:

- a) age 55
- b) 20 years of credited service

	Normal Retireme	nt
Age	Select	Ultimate
<37	14.45%	0.00%
37-49	14.45	9.35
50-54	14.45	11.48
55-59	14.45	63.75
60+	14.45	100.00



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

# g. Merit/Seniority Salary Increase (in addition to across-the-board increase)

10-year Select (service-based) & Ultimate (age-based) merit tables plus an annual inflation rate of 3.75%.

### <u>Select</u>

Service (Years)	Increase
0	12.50%
1	8.75
2-3	5.50
4	3.75
5-9	2.00

### <u>Ultimate</u>

Age	Increase
<55	1.50%
55+	1.00

### h. Family Composition

Female spouses are assumed to be three years younger than males.

80% are assumed married for both male and female employees.

### 2. Economic Assumptions

a.	Rate of Investment Return:	8.00%
b.	Rate of General Wage Increase:	3.75%
c.	Rate of Increase in Cost of Living	
	for Retirees:	0.00%
d.	Rate of Increase in Total Payroll	
	(for Amortization):	3.75%
e.	Administrative Expenses as a	
	Percentage of Payroll:	0.20%

### 3. Changes Since Last Valuation

None.



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

#### **B.** Actuarial Methods

### 1. Funding Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for a typical new entrant. The normal cost rate times payroll equals the normal cost. The normal cost plus member contributions will pay for projected benefits at retirement for the average plan participant.

The actuarial accrued liability is that portion of the present value of projected benefits that will not be paid by future employer normal costs or member contributions. The difference between this liability and funds accumulated as of the same date is referred to as the unfunded actuarial liability.

The portion of the actuarial accrued liability in excess of plan assets is amortized to develop an additional cost or savings which is added to each year's employer normal cost. Under this cost method, actuarial gains and losses are directly reflected in the size of the unfunded actuarial liability.

The portion of unfunded liability which is not expected to be paid through transfers from the PRI Fund is amortized over a rolling 20 year period. All payments are determined assuming total pay increases by the annual inflation rate.

#### 2. Actuarial Value of Assets

For purposes of determining the State contribution rate to the plan, we use an actuarial value of assets. The asset adjustment method dampens the volatility in asset values that could occur because of fluctuations in market conditions. Use of an asset smoothing method is consistent with the long-term nature of the actuarial valuation process.

The actuarial value of assets is a weighted average giving 20% weight to the current market value and 80% weight to the prior year's actuarial value increased by expected interest and contributions and decreased by benefit payments and expenses. This is mathematically equivalent to recognizing 100% of the actuarially assumed interest rate, plus contributions, less payments each year, and 20% of the portion of each year's returns that have not already been reflected in asset values.

#### 3. Changes Since Last Valuation

None.



### APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

### 1. Membership

The plan covers full-time State Police Officers first hired on or after July 1, 1980.

#### 2. Member Contributions

7% of compensation.

Interest is credited at the rate of 5% per year.

Member contributions are made through an "employer pick-up" arrangement which results in deferral of taxes on the contributions.

#### 3. Credited Service

All service as a member plus certain claimed and purchased service.

#### 4. Final Average Compensation

Final Average Compensation is the average over the highest 36 consecutive months (or shorter period of total service) of compensation paid to the member, including salary or wages but excluding overtime and payment for extra duties.

#### 5. Normal Retirement

Eligibility: (i) Must be employed at 55 with ten years of credited service; or (ii) any

age with 20 years of credited service; or (iii) ten years of credited service

when age plus service equals 75.

Benefit: 2.5% of final average compensation multiplied by years of service up to a

maximum of 20 years, plus 3.5% of final average compensation multiplied

by years of service in excess of 20 years.

### 6. Duty-Connected Disability Benefit

Eligibility: Disabled in the performance of his or her duties.

Benefit: If member is totally disabled: 75% of salary at the time disability

commences plus 10% for each eligible dependent not to exceed 100%.

Eligibility: If member is partially disabled: the normal retirement benefit based on

credited service at date of disability, but is not less than 50% of salary at

the time disability commences.



### APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

### 7. Ordinary Disability

Eligibility: Five years of credited service.

Benefit: If member is totally disabled: the normal retirement benefit based on

credited service at date of disability, but is not less than 50% of the salary at the time of disability plus 5% for each eligible dependent to a maximum

of 70%.

If member is partially disabled: the normal retirement benefit based on credited service at the date of disability, but is not less than 30% of salary

at the time of disability.

#### 8. Survivor's Benefit

Eligibility: Death while active or death after retirement.

Benefit: For eligible survivors of employees who die in the line of duty: 50% of

salary, payable to the primary survivor.

For eligible survivors of pensioners who die: 50% of the member's

pension at the time of death.

Eligible survivors include: (1) widow or widower; or (2) child or children under 18, or between 18 and 22 and attending school on a full-time basis, or over 18 and permanently disabled before 18; or (3) dependent parent or parents. If there are no eligible survivors, accumulated contributions with interest over aggregate pension payments made are payable to the

beneficiary.

#### 9. Burial Benefit

\$7,000 lump sum.

#### 10. Vesting

Eligibility: Ten years of credited service.

Benefit: Normal retirement benefit, payable at age 62, based on final average

compensation and credited service at date of termination. In lieu of a pension, a member may receive a refund of accumulated contributions with interest. Upon application for a refund of contributions, a member's

vested right to a monthly benefit shall be forfeited.



### APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

## 11. Withdrawal

Eligibility: Terminates service and is not eligible for other benefits.

Benefit: Accumulated employee contributions with interest.

# 12. Changes Since Last Valuation

None.

